# Recent Books from Indonesia - April 2024

Mary Martin Booksellers Pte Ltd Blk 231, Bain Street #03-05, Bras Basah Complex Singapore 180231

Tel: +65-6883-2284/6883-2204

info@marymartin.com www.marymartin.com

## **Economics**

Sustainable Urban Kampong Development: Lessons from Akuarium Vertical Kampong, North Jakarta, Indonesia / Ashadi – Anisa – Yeptadian Sari & Suriani Binti Ngah Abdul Wahab Yogyakarta, Indonesia: Penerbit Samudra Biru, 2023 xiv, 98p.; 23cm.
9786232616875
\$ 22.00 / PB 185gm.

The term kampong, by some Indonesian people, is interpreted the same as dusun, dukuh, or desa. Kampong as a synonym for the term desa is used, among others, in the areas of Central Lampung and Papua. In the Central Lampung Regency Regional Regulation Number 8 of 2018 concerning Villages Arrangement (Perda Kabupaten Lampung Tengah Nomor 8 Tahun 2018 tentang Penataan Kampung), Chapter I Article 1, it is stated that a desa is a legal community unit that has territorial boundaries that are authorized to regulate and manage government affairs, local community interests based on community initiatives, origin rights and / or traditional rights that are recognized and respected in the government system of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia (Negara Kesatuan Republik Indonesia). In Papua, based on the Papua Province Regional Regulation Number 3 of 2022 Concerning Traditional Villages (Perda Provinsi Papua Nomor 3 Tahun 2022 Tentang Kampung Adat), Chapter III Article 4, it is stated that a (customary) desa is the lowest administrative unit under the Regency/City.

Originally, the term desa was only used in Java, Madura, and Bali. Especially in Java, kampong, dusun and dukuh are part of the desa. According to the laws and regulations in Indonesia, the desa is the lowest administrative unit under the sub-district (kecamatan). The term desa then became a term on a national scale, especially since the issuance of RI Law Number 6 of 2014 concerning Desa (UU RI Nomor 6 Tahun 2014 Tentang Desa).

Based on RI Law Number 6 of 2014 concerning Villages (UU RI Nomor 6 Tahun 2014 Tentang Desa), in Chapter I Article 1, it is stated that a desa is a legal community unit that has territorial boundaries that are authorized to regulate and manage government affairs, local community interests based on community initiatives, origin rights, and/or traditional rights that are recognized and respected in the system of government of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia (Negara Kesatuan Republik Indonesia). This law also states that dusun are part of and

form a desa. In Chapter III Article 8 it is stated that in the desa, there is formed dusun or what are called other names are formed according to the origin, customs, and socio-cultural values of the desa community. <a href="https://www.marymartin.com/web?pid=871013">https://www.marymartin.com/web?pid=871013</a>

### Literature

Indonesian Islamic Fiction In The  $21^{\rm st}$  Century: Representations of the Other in the Works of Forum Lingkar Pena / Muh Arif Rokhman

Yogyakarta, Indonesian: UAD Press, 2021

x, 246p.; 24cm.

9786235635163 \$ 40.00 / PB 270gm.

THIS BOOK examines a selection of fictional works by writers belonging to the Indonesian association of writers, Forum Lingkar Pena (Pen Circle Forum; hereafter referred to as FLP). Figures from 2010 suggest that this organisation had around 5,000 members across 93 Indonesian branches and ten overseas branches. Writers recruited and trained by FLP have produced approximately nine hundred published works. Their works are often categorised as Islamic or religious literature (sastra religi). This labelling of FLP's literary output as Islamic literature has arisen principally be-cause of the publicly expressed aims and beliefs of key FLP figures which include such notions as sastra dakwah (literature for religious propaga-tion). In order to contextualise the emergence of FLP in the final years of the twentieth century and to locate this organisation within wider Indo-nesian literary developments, it is necessary to take account of cultural debates that came to the fore with the profound social and political changes which accompanied the end of the New Order regime in 1998.

https://www.marymartin.com/web?pid=871014

#### **Politics**

Asia Pacific in Focus : Policy Challenges and Diplomatic Strategies in the 21st Century /Arie Kusuma Paksi, et al., (ED) Imam Mahdi & Andini Hayu Agus Putri Yogyakarta, Indonesia: Samudra Biru Publisher, 2023 x, 174p.; 23cm. 9786232616622 \$ 26.00 / PB 260gm.

Under the stewardship of Joko Widodo, beginning in 2014, Indonesia has instituted numerous forwardthinking policies, striving to bolster the nation's developmental prospects. The government has been at the forefront of many international conventions and is an integral participant in various global organizations. One key alliance is with the World Health Organization (WHO), where Indonesia has been a contributing member since May 23, 1950. Over the years, this partnership has spawned various domestic policies mirroring international resolutions, integrating Indonesia into the global health community. In 2003, the WHO introduced the Framework Convention on Tobacco Control (FCTC). This pivotal agreement was open for endorsement in Geneva from June 16 to June 22, 2003, and subsequently at the United Nations Headquarters in New York from June 30, 2003, to June 29, 2004. Garnering 168 signatories, including the European Community, this treaty stands as one of the most comprehensive in the history of the United Nations. Committed countries pledged to ratify, accept, or approve the convention, thus politically aligning themselves with its objectives. The treaty came into legal force on February 27, 2005 (WHO, 2010). The FCTC was proposed by the WHO to safeguard future generations from the detrimental impact of excessive tobacco consumption. This agreement, backed by several developing countries, including Indonesia, expressed growing concerns about the uncontrolled use of tobacco and the dire health consequences. This chapter discusses Indonesia's evolving stance on the FCTC, examining factors influencing its decision not to accede to this international health treaty. A case in point is the previous Indonesian President, Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono, whose refusal to ratify the FCTC was largely politically motivated. Contrastingly, the current administration under Joko Widodo, in office since 2014, has yet to accede to the FCTC, viewing tobacco and its associated industry as a vital economic mainstay. By delving into the compelling reasons behind the Joko Widodo administration's non-accession to the FCTC, this chapter contributes to the broader discourse. While earlier studies have ventured into this topic, this research seeks to present a more detailed and comprehensive analysis. The exploration goes beyond conventional economic and health narratives, unveiling other under-researched factors that shape the government's decision against the FCTC. The ubiquitous influence of the tobacco industry on the livelihoods of the Indonesian populace is integral to this nuanced understanding.

## https://www.marymartin.com/web?pid=871015

\_\_\_\_\_

Public Policy And Disaster Mitigation / Prof. Dr. Azhari Aziz Samudra, M.sc., Prof. Dr. Agus Suradika & Prof. Dr. Andriansyah, M.Sc. (Ed) Dr. Evi Satispi, M.Sc.

Yogyakarta, Indonesia: Samudra Biru Publisher, 2023

xii, 298p.; 23cm. 9786232616325 \$ 25.00 / PB 250gm.

The publication of this book is intended to enrich the knowledge of Public Policy and Disaster Mitigation in the Public Administration Doctoral Program, Public Administration and Policy Concentration, and Public Policy and Disaster Mitigation Concentration, Faculty of Social and Political Sciences, Universitas Muhammadiyah Jakarta. The uniqueness of this book lies in the student's work which can be used as a reference by students of other Public Administration study programs, both postgraduate programs and undergraduate programs. Starting from the discussion of community economic policy (SMEs) disaster mitigation due to Covid-19, Mitigation of Accident Risk on Public Transportation, Disaster Mitigation in Tragedy of Malang, Government Policy to Overcome HIV/AIDS Transmission, Flood Disaster Mitigation Policy in Jakarta Community, Management of the Distribution of Logistics Assistance for Disaster Survivors: Study on the Makassar Flood in South Sulawesi and closed with a discussion on Disaster Mitigation in Cianjur.

https://www.marymartin.com/web?pid=871016

-----

Foreign Policy Review G20 Indonesia Presidency: Unveiling Achievements and Future Prospects / Neng Susi, et al., (ED) Zain Maulana, Arie Kusuma Paksi & Imam Mahdi

Yogyakarta, Indonesia: Penerbit Samudra Biru, 2023

x, 112p.; 21cm. 9786232616950 \$ 25.00 / PB 300gm.

. The chapters within this volume serve as a testament to the diverse range of topics that are examined, highlighting the critical role that the G20 plays in shaping the global discourse. The chapters, authored by experts and scholars in their respective fields, provide a deep dive into the nuanced discussions that have taken place within the G20 framework. From energy transition to climate crisis, from agricultural sector recovery to technological transformation, each chapter paints a detailed picture of the challenges, solutions, and opportunities discussed by G20 leaders.

## https://www.marymartin.com/web?pid=871017

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Standing Firm for Indonesia's Democracy: An Oral History of President Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono / (Ed) Takashi Shiraishi (et al.)

Singapore: World Scientific Publishing, 2024

x, 342p.

**Includes Index** 

9789811281587

- 1. Yudhyono, Susilo Bambang, 1949 Interviews.
- 2. Presidents Indonesia Interviews.
- 3. Cabinet officers Indonesia Interviews.
- 4. Democracy Indonesia.
- 5. Indonesia Politics and government 1998 .

\$35.00 / PB

This book presents the first oral history of Indonesia's President Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono (SBY) (2004–2014). As the first directly elected president, he played a very important role in Indonesia's democratization. Indonesia's economy also got back on the path of growth under his administration.

In a series of interviews, SBY tells how he handled military affairs in 1990s, what he did as minister and coordinating minister under President Abdurrahman Wahid and President Megawati Sukarnoputri, challenges he confronted and how he managed those challenges in his administration. Readers will learn his thought about statecraft, his view of the future, his style of leadership, and the critical decisions he made and the thinking that informed his decisions. Interviewed by a team of Indonesia specialists for more than 30 hours, the oral recording helps the reader understand President Yudhoyono's thinking in his own voice, and also, his policies and actions.

https://www.marymartin.com/web?pid=871018

\_\_\_\_\_\_

## Sociology

Islamophobia, Wasathiyah Islam, And Indonesian Muslim Diaspora: Fostering the Islamic Activism in Australia through Peaceful Activities / Muhammad Muntahibun Nafis, Rizqa Ahmadi Yogyakarta, Indonesia: Bildung, 2023 xiv, 130p.; 21cm. 9786238091843 \$ 15.00 / PB 135gm.

The book on wasathiyah Islam by Nafis and Rizqa resonates widely, addressing misinterpretations of Islamic doctrine. It sheds light on moderation and fosters understanding in a diverse cultural context. A must-read to combat potential Islamophobia. An Excellent book to read about Islamophobia in Australia and the response of Indonesian Muslim Community.

https://www.marymartin.com/web?pid=871019

-----